

Issuing Organization: [Medical & Environmental Management Division]	Issuing Organization Code: [250]
Effective Date: [March / 2011]	Expiration Date: [February / 2012]

Building Emergency Plan Building [F-160]

National Aeronautics and Space Administration

Goddard Space Flight Center Greenbelt, Maryland





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Introduction

This document describes the actions and responses required during emergencies affecting the Goddard Space Flight Center (GSFC), Wallops Flight Facility (WFF) and **Building F-160**. All occupants and frequent visitors of this building must be familiar with these procedures to ensure protection of personnel and property.

1. Emergency Notification Systems:

GSFC has developed several methods for communicating emergency information. Emergencies may be localized, such as an injured person, or Center-wide. Report all emergencies by calling 911.

1.1 Alarm Systems

1.1.1 Evacuation Alarms

Buildings at GSFC/WFF are equipped with evacuation alarms. These alarms will sound as a rhythmic 'gonging' alert, a pulsing horn, or loud "clanging" bells, each system augmented by a bright strobe light for the hearing impaired. Evacuation alarms are activated when a flow is detected in the sprinkler system, or a manual pull station is activated. **In building F-160, pull stations are located at every exit.**

1.1.2 Local Hazard Alarm

Many areas at GSFC/WFF are equipped with local hazard alarms. These alarms will typically sound as a continuous loud buzzer or horn. A local hazard alarm indicates that an unsafe condition is developing and needs to be investigated by persons familiar with the area and operations. Local hazard alarms are usually activated by smoke detectors but may also be associated with chemical detection systems and special processing equipment.

1.2 Other Emergency Notification Systems

1.2.1 Management Notification Process

Notification and direction for special situations are provided via telephone through the Center management structure.

1.2.2 Email Notification

Notification and direction for special situations is provided via e-mail 'blaster.' Email notification is often used in conjunction with the management notification process.



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1.2.3 Verbal Notification

Notification is accomplished through the Building Wardens, and/or safety and security personnel. Verbal notification is typically used when very specific actions are required in a limited area (a single building or part of a building).

2. Types of Emergency Situations:

In the event of visible smoke, fire, medical emergency, chemical spill, suspicious package, and a threat of an explosive device, please call 911. If a cellular phone must be used, please call 757-824-1333.

2.1 Fire, Visible Smoke, Sprinkler Activation, or Explosion

There are many potential sources of fire, smoke or explosions. GSFC has incorporated a number of safeguards against injury of our people into the design and maintenance of our buildings. These include fire sprinkler systems, automatic building evacuation alarms, manually operated evacuation alarms, smoke detectors in special hazard areas, and fire walls. These safeguards limit the ability of fires to spread throughout a building.

2.2 Medical Emergency

Medical emergencies encompass any injury or illness requiring a response. WFF employs two part-time physicians and one full-time nurse to provide assessment and treatment (as applicable) during such situations.

2.3 Indoor Chemical Spill

GSFC/WFF uses a variety of chemicals and hazardous materials in accomplishing our mission. Safeguards are incorporated into buildings and operations to minimize the potential and severity of an accident. Safeguards include minimizing the quantities of chemicals stored, special storage cabinets, safe handling procedures, and training for users.

2.4 Suspicious Package (possible explosive device or contaminated package/letter)

GSFC's secure perimeter makes it a difficult target for the placement of explosives. However, packages are discovered onsite periodically that cannot be accounted for (the owner is not known).



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2.5 Threat of an Explosive Device

Threats are generally received by telephone, but may also be received in writing, e-mails or even face-to-face.

2.6 Outdoor Atmospheric Hazard (e.g., Chemical Vapor Cloud)

Outdoor atmospheric hazards can occur from accidental causes or can be intentionally created. The most common causes are accidental releases which may come from a GSFC/WFF operation or from offsite (overturned tanker).

2.7 Weather-Related Emergencies

High winds, severe thunderstorms, tornadoes, and snowstorms all create the potential for an emergency situation.

2.8 Other Emergencies

Emergencies not specifically defined above need to be considered when planning and defining emergency actions.

3. Occupant Response Procedures:

3.1 Evacuation Routes and Assembly Areas

Diagrams showing evacuation routes, primary assembly areas, and alternate assembly areas are shown in **Attachment 1** of this document.

3.2 Fire, Visible Smoke, Sprinkler Activation, or Explosion

- **3.2.1. If the building evacuation alarm sounds** or you are told by management or Floor Wardens to evacuate, do so immediately.
 - Avoid areas of obvious hazard.
 - Know your alternate exit routes.
 - Secure critical operations, hazardous materials and classified information.
 - Close office doors.
 - Report to your assembly area as shown in Attachment 1.
 - Provide your management and Warden with information on coworkers that were not in the building at the time of the emergency.
 - Remain in the assembly area until released.



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• Do not reenter the building until the on-scene Incident Commander (see 4.4) authorizes reentry.

3.2.2 If you witness a Fire, Visible Smoke, Sprinkler Activation, or Explosion –

- Notify other persons in the area.
- Initiate an evacuation of the building.
- If you have received training in the use of fire extinguishers within the past year, attempt to extinguish small, incipient fires.
- Report information to your building warden and the Incident Commander.

3.2.3 If you witness a fire that has been extinguished –

- If there is visible smoke, leave the area and initiate a building evacuation.
- Immediately call 911 and relay all related information.

3.2.4. Critical Operations –

N/A

3.2.5 Special Operations –

N/A

3.3 Medical Emergency

If there is a medical emergency in your area:

- Call 911 for emergency medical assistance.
- Verify that any hazards are controlled or isolated to prevent further injury.
- Provide assistance and information to responders, and
- Once information has been provided, stay clear of the immediate area.

3.4 Indoor Chemical Spill

3.4.1 If an indoor spill occurs:

- Users are authorized to clean up spilled materials when the cleanup can be accomplished within the limits of their personal protective equipment and training. (Chemical users are able to make this determination if they have received specific hazard training on the chemicals they use and the available personal protective equipment.)
- The affected areas of the spill shall be cleared of personnel and isolated from access.
- The spill shall be immediately reported to 911 with all relative information including materials involved, amount spilled, effects on building and occupants, and injured persons.
- Follow the direction of the wardens and emergency responders.



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- **3.4.2 Chemical Alarms** 4-Gas alarms are used in the Analytical Chemistry Labs when the test procedures indicate the possibility of the production or release of dangerous gases. These alarms monitor the oxygen content in the room (oxygen content should be between 19.5% and 21.5%), methane, carbon monoxide and any amount of explosive vapors (flammability).
 - If any of the pre-set safety limits are compromised, alarm "beeps" on the device will sound and lights will flash to alert personnel in the area that they could be in danger.
 - Provided there is no additional risk to self or others, any personnel present in the area shall turn power to whatever source is producing the gases off, shut the door to the room as well as any fire doors between the contaminated area and the rest of the building.
 - The fire alarm shall be sounded to alert building occupants to evacuate
 - Situation shall be immediately reported to 911 with all relative information

3.5 Outdoor Chemical Spill

WFF maintains an Integrated Contingency Plan (ICP), which is the overarching guidance document for addressing releases of chemicals, petroleum products, etc. Below is a summary of procedures from the ICP:

3.4.1 If an outdoor spill occurs:

- The spill shall be immediately reported to 911 with all relative information including materials involved, amount spilled, effects on building, occupants and the environment, and injured persons.
- Users are authorized to clean up spilled materials when the cleanup can be accomplished within the limits of their personal protective equipment and training. (Chemical users are able to make this determination if they have received specific hazard training on the chemicals they use and the available personal protective equipment.)
- The affected areas of the spill shall be cleared of personnel and isolated from access.
- Follow the direction of the emergency responders.

3.6 Suspicious Packages

- **3.6.1 Possible Explosive Device** If a suspicious package is identified:
 - Clear and isolate the immediate area.
 - Call 911 and report all related information.
 - Follow the direction of the wardens and emergency responders.
- **3.6.2 Possible Contaminated Letter or Package** If a suspicious package is identified that may be contaminated with a hazardous or biological material:
 - Do not shake or further inspect the letter or package.
 - Do not touch, taste or sniff the material.



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- Do not move the letter or package around or show it to others.
- If you are holding the letter or package, carefully put it down on a stable surface.
- Leave the area and isolate the area by closing the door or notifying coworkers to stay clear.
- Wash hands with soap and water.
- Call 911 and report related information.
- Provide information to the responders including names of all persons in the area of or having contact with the letter or package.

3.7 Threat of an Explosive Device

3.7.1 If you receive a threat:

- Remain calm.
- Complete the Bomb Threat Instructions form at the back of this BEP.
- Report the threat to 911.
- Relay information to responders and be prepared to be interviewed.

3.7.2 If a threat has been received for your work area:

- Follow all instructions from wardens and responders.
- Relay all information about unusual activities, packages, or persons to the Wardens and Incident Commander.

3.8 Outdoor Atmospheric Hazard (e.g., Chemical Vapor Cloud)

- **3.8.1 Shelter-in-place** In certain cases, the best course of action to protect building occupants is to shelter-in-place. Building occupants should:
 - Follow all instructions from Building Wardens and responders
 - Stay indoors
 - Stay away from exterior doors
- **3.8.2 Special Evacuation Routes** In certain cases, it may be necessary to evacuate personnel by a specific route to prevent exposure to hazards. Building occupants should:
 - Follow all instructions of wardens and responders
 - Use the routes designated by the wardens and responders.
 - Assemble at the locations designated by the wardens and responders.

3.9 Weather-Related Emergencies

In a weather-related emergency, it may be necessary to either evacuate the building, or shelter-in-place until the emergency has passed. Building occupants should follow all instructions from EPAS announcement, wardens and responders.



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3.10 Other Emergencies

For emergencies not specifically addressed here, building occupants should follow the direction of the wardens and responders.

3.11 Procedures for Persons with Disabilities

Building F-160 is a one-story building that is slightly above ground level. For anyone that requires the assistance of a walker, wheelchair or other equipment, there are four ramped exits:

- At the main entrance in the center of the building
- At the loading area for the Analytical Chemistry Lab in the East Wing
- At the loading area at the West Wing of the building
- At the south end of the West Wing (NASA Health Unit)

In the event of an emergency that requires building evacuation, persons with disabilities should engage a co-worker and employ the buddy system to make sure they are never left alone and can safely and successfully exit the building via the nearest graded exit.

4. Incident Management Responsibilities:

4.1 Facilities Operations Manager (FOM)

The FOM or his/her alternate has the authority to stop work or to evacuate the building if they believe that a significant danger to personnel or property exists. The FOM (or alternate) serves as the Building Warden, and will appoint Floor Wardens and alternates for all areas.

4.2 Building Warden

The Building Warden is responsible for executing the Building F-160 Emergency Action Plan. One or more alternate Building Wardens shall be designated for when the FOM is absent from the facility. The Building Warden will be stationed at the Primary Assembly Area, located off the east corner of the building at the corner of Bliss and Avery Streets (near the tennis courts) and ensures that all Floor Wardens have completed their sweeps of assigned areas. An Evacuation Checklist provides an accurate total of personnel remaining in the building and status of warden check-ins. In the event of a fire or other hazardous event which makes the Primary Assembly Area unusable, the Building Warden will relocate to the Alternate Assembly Area as described in Attachment 1. The Building Warden serves as the only direct link to the onsite Incident Commander and provides status reports to the Incident Commander based on information received from the Floor Wardens during all evacuation operations.



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4.3 Floor and Area Wardens

Floor Wardens and Area Wardens are normally assigned to designated parts of the building and are directly responsible for that area in the event of an emergency. Distinctive badges worn during evacuation operations identify the wardens. During an evacuation, the wardens are responsible for ensuring that all personnel in the area under their control are evacuated, including personnel who need assistance. Floor Wardens will report to the Building Warden when their respective areas are clear, addressing number of personnel remaining (see 3.2.4 and 3.2.5), rooms occupied, and any special circumstances. If Floor Wardens have any additional information with respect to the cause of the building evacuation, they should relay that information to the Building Warden as well. They then proceed to their respective assembly areas and assist with crowd control.

Floor Wardens or designated personnel may be required to perform a sweep of the building at the Building Warden's request. A two-person team is required for all 'sweep' operations and for the recovery of personnel awaiting assistance in designated Refuge Areas. Trained responders from the Incident Command Post (see 4.4) may carry out the above operations.

See Attachment 2 for Building Floor Warden assignments and responsibilities.

4.4 GSFC/WFF Wallops Fire Department

The Wallops Fire Department provides on-site Incident Commanders for all emergencies. A Wallops Fire Department vehicle on scene with an identified firefighter (indicated by red helmet) becomes the NASA/GSFC Command Post for the incident, and the ranking on-scene Firefighter becomes the Incident Commander. The Incident Commander always stays at the Command Post vehicle during the emergency.

4.5 Facilities Management Brach (FMB)

FMB provides service for sprinkler systems and the fire/smoke alarm systems, and controls HVAC systems. The Wallops Fire Department operates the Emergency Console. The Emergency Console receives all emergency calls and makes the proper notifications. The console is the central point for all WFF radio communications. The Emergency Console remotely monitors all fire protection systems (fire detection and sprinklers systems) to initiate proper response to alarms and ensure they remain in service.

4.6 Additional Support Organizations

The Accomack County Sheriff's Department, Virginia State Police, Virginia Marine Resources Commission and the Chincoteague Coast Guard all provide emergency services in accordance with individual agency responsibility, authority and interagency agreements. Under certain conditions, any of the above could be asked to provide real-time assistance to the GSFC/WFF On-Scene Incident Commander.



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5. Review and Validation

This document shall be reviewed and reissued annually according to configuration management procedures. If no changes are needed, it needs only a new approval signature and dates.

Emergency Evacuation Plan for Personnel in Building F-160

- 1. All personnel in F-160 should familiarize themselves with the evacuation routes and assembly areas posted at all exits throughout the building.
- 2. Personnel should become familiar with the location of the nearest fire alarm and telephone in their area. In the event of an emergency, you should activate the nearest fire alarm and/or dial 911 on a telephone. Upon arrival of emergency response personnel, direct them to the location of the emergency.
- 3. Spread the alarm- pass the word. Notify fellow personnel, the appropriate area warden, and the FOM of the emergency as soon as possible.
- 4. If time permits, close all doors and windows to confine the emergency and to prevent drafts. Do not endanger yourself or others in this effort.
- 5. If you are qualified and if time permits, use the proper equipment (e.g. fire extinguisher, spill kit) to contain the emergency pending the arrival of emergency responders. Do not endanger yourself or others in this effort.
- 6. Wardens should familiarize themselves with personnel located within their responsibility area.

 After searching their respective areas and accounting for all persons, wardens should report to the FOM at the command post.

F-160 Emergency Wardens and Areas of Responsibility

Building F-160

Joshua Bundick, FOM/Head Warden Ralph Hickman, Alternate FOM

Center Hallway, North

T.J. Meyer, Warden Teena Haugh, Alternate

Center Hallway, South

Marianne Simko, Warden



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Michael Hooks, Alternate

Center Wing/Calibration Laboratory

Ralph Hickman, Warden William Lankford, Alternate

West Wing, North/Environmental

<u>Joshua Bundick, Warden</u> Carolyn Turner, Alternate

West Wing, South/NASA Health Unit

Dr. Annette Rayfield/Dr. Richard Easton, Wardens

Michelle Hastings, Alternate

West Wing, South/Security

David Adams, Warden Jean Lopez, Alternate

East Wing/Chemistry Laboratory

Monica Borowicz, Warden Sheryl Eni, Alternate

An image depicting warden areas of responsibility and evacuation routes shall always accompany this plan and be posted conspicuously.

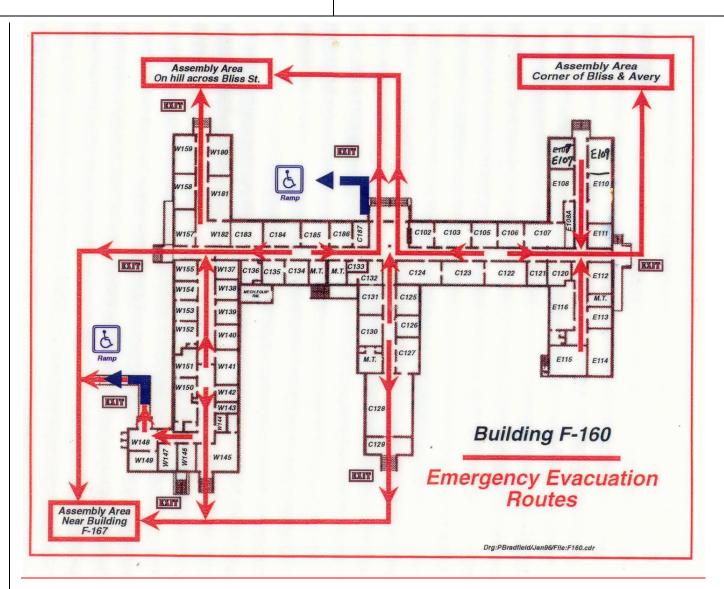
If you have any questions concerning this emergency evacuation plan, call Joshua Bundick at extension 2319.

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Start Time: Evacuation Complete:hrs. Type of Evacuation:	suing Organization: [Medical & nvironmental Management Division]		Issuing Of	Issuing Organization Code: [250] Expiration Date: [February / 2012]			
Date of Evacuation: Building Warden: Start Time: Evacuation Complete:hrs. Type of Evacuation:	ctive Date: [March / 2011]	Expiration					
Date of Evacuation: Building Warden: Start Time: Evacuation Complete:hrs. Type of Evacuation:		BUII	 _DING WARE	DEN			
Start Time: Evacuation Complete:hrs. Type of Evacuation:		EVACU	ATION CHE	CKLIST			
Start Time: Evacuation Complete:hrs. Type of Evacuation:	Date of Evacuation:	E	Building Ward	en:			
Type of Evacuation: Evacuation Drill Fire Evacuation Smoke/Fumes Dther Evacuation		_					
☐ Smoke/Fumes ☐ Other				-			
Evacuation		□ Fire Evacu	ation	□ Bomb	Alert		
		□ Smoke/Fur	mes	☐ Other	r		
Ground Floor Yes/No Remaining Location	Ground Floor	Complete	Personnel Remaining	Loc	ation		
First Floor	·irst Floor						
Second Floor	Second Floor						
Penthouse	Penthouse						
Sweep Team (as required)	Sweep Team (as required)						
Total Personnel Remaining in Building:	Total Personnel R Bu	emaining in ilding:					
Remarks/Notes:	Remarks/Notes:						

Please return completed form following any evacuation to:

Code 803.2 Safety/ Kenneth.e.volante@nasa.gov (757-824-1159)



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FLOOR WARDEN EVACUATION CHECKLIST

EMERGENCY EVACUATION	REENTRY PROCUDURES		
Ensure that all personnel evacuate your area of responsibility and leave the building.	Reenter only when directed by the Building Warden.		
2. Use stariwells, not building elevators.	2. Return to assigned work areas.		
Report to the Building Warden in the lobby and assist in crowd control.	Survey the area to ensure nothing is missing.		
Assist personnel to an approved "Refuge Area" or out of the building to an evacuation assemble area.	4. Reestablish normal interfaces.		

CRITICAL OPERATIONS OR SPECIAL OPERATIONS

- Perform an orderly "Pre-evacuation," i.e., a reduction of personnel in affected areas of the building.
- 2. Direction will be given by the Building Warden.
- Assist personnel to an approved "Refuge Area" or out of the building to an evacuation assembly area.



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Bomb Threat Instructions



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REPORT ALL BOMB THREATS IMMEDIATELY BY DIALING "911."

DON'T PANIC!!

- 1. Exact initial words of caller:
- 2. Specific questions: (Record answers exactly as spoken by caller)
 - a. Where is the bomb?
 - b. What time is the bomb set to go off?
 - c. What kind of bomb is it? What does it look like?
 - d. Who do you represent? Who are you?
 - e. Why did you place the bomb?
 - f. Did you know there are innocent people in the building who may be killed or injured?
 - q. Please repeat what you've told me to make sure I understand you:
- Exact closing words of caller:
- 4. Time caller hung up:
- 5. Description of caller's voice:

	a. Familiar? Yes No b. Male Female c. Young Middle Aged d. Voice Pitch: High Med e. Accent Ethic Region f. Impediment? (describe) _			
6.	Your name and position:			
7.	Your location/address	_ Bldg.	Room	
8.	Phone number on which call received:		Date/time of call:	

REPORT ALL BOMB THREATS IMMEDIATELY BY DIALING "911."